

The Carbon Chronicle

OUR PAPER
COVERS THE
DISTRICT

OUR PRINTING
EQUALS ANY
CITY WORK

VOLUME 10, NUMBER 28

CARBON, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, AUGUST 11, 1932

\$2.00 A YEAR IN ADVANCE

THE WORLD OVER

DOUKHOBORS TO REMAIN HERE

WELLAND SHIP CANAL OPENED

WHEAT No. 1—42 POUNDS TO BU.

STOCKS RISE ON N. Y. MARKET

WHITE WHALES OF HUDSON BAY

Canadian Doukhobors who migrated to Mexico, it was stated definitely in Prince Albert on Monday, Peter Verigin, leader of the Christian Community of Universal Brotherhood, as the Doukhobor sect is officially known, has negatived the proposal from his jail cell. Verigin is serving an 18-month sentence following conviction on a charge of perjury.

The wholesale migration of Canadian Doukhobors to Mexico has been suggested recently following dissatisfaction in the Doukhobor ranks with the conviction of Verigin, and the wholesale sentence imposed in British Columbia on members of the "outlaws" of Freedom sect for nude parades. In migrating to Mexico the Doukhobors of the opinion that they would be more free to do as they chose, but evidently something has turned up to dispel this theory.

The Welland ship canal is open to the commerce of the world.

These simple words from his excellency the governor-general on Saturday afternoon last, crowned a great achievement. Then he moved a control lever. Slowly the huge red and white bulk of the steamship "Memora," the world monarch of freshwater freighting, came to life. She moved down the new canal towards the Governor-General, the Prime Minister, Canada and the Empire statesmen who are attending the Imperial Conference.

Accented as a good indication for the season's western wheat output, the first car of new wheat inspected on the Canadian Pacific tracks at Winnipeg last Saturday graded No. 1 Northern and weighed 48 pounds to the bushel, three pounds over standard weight.

NEW YORK: The most violent upswing in cotton in more than two years, the swiftest trading in stocks in nearly two years, and the sharpest advance in bonds in two months marked the big bull push in leading United States financial markets on Monday.

Cotton surged up more than 15 cents as the government estimated that this year's crop far above the average of recent years, and Wall Street quickly reflected a short crop in that staple in 1931 was an indication of the market's boosting the markets out of the post-war depression.

Stocks met three successive waves of profit taking and the turnover was \$54,143,889 shares, the largest since October of 1920.

Seven white whales, caught in the Hudson Bay, formed a unique shipment that was brought by train from Churchill to Winnipeg, via the Canadian National line. The whales, which weigh about 1500 pounds each, were brought to the Manitoba capital with the object of testing the marketing possibilities for the rendering plant at Churchill. It is believed that a big market is available in Canada and other countries for the finer oils of white whales and other by-products which include material which makes good leather, though the tanning process is somewhat difficult, fertilizer, and ingredients for paints and varnishes.

He who hesitates today is hawled out by the traffic cop.

LISTERINE ANTISEPTIC

Corrects halitosis — Corrects Dandruff

3 oz. 25c 7 oz. 50c 14 oz. 95c

Listerine Tooth Paste (cleans and polishes) per tube 25c

MACB'S DRUG STORE

A. F. MacBride, PHM, B. Prescription Specialist, CARBON, ALTA.

HARVESTING COMMENCES IN DISTRICT

Warm, Dry Weather Has Hastened Grain to Maturity

GOOD YIELD IS EXPECTED HERE

Cutting of the 1932 crop started in the district on Friday last when quite a few farmers began cutting barley. There is a wonderful crop of this grain and barley yields will be heavy. Cutting of Spring wheat will commence this week, the warm weather lately having matured the wheat much earlier than many had predicted. Monday will see a large per centage of the farmers in the district cutting wheat and it will not be long before harvest will be in full swing.

In spite of the hot, dry weather, the yields will be heavy and most grain will have been filling rapidly. In some cases where rain was needed the yield will be cut down but most farmers report that damage from the dry weather will be slight.

While most of the grain will be cut with the binder, a few farmers intend to combine if possible, and others will use the reaper-thresher.

Binder teams beginning to leave the local warehouses now, although financing this product has been a problem to many.

WHY ONE BOY LEFT THE FARM

I left my dad, his farm, his plow, because my calf became his cow. I left my dad—'Twas wrong of course, because my calf became his horse. I left my dad to sow and reap because my lamb became his sheep. I dropped my pig and stuck my pork because my pig became his pork. The garden truck I made to grow was his to sell and mine to lose.

WHY ANOTHER BOY DIDN'T

With dad and me it's half and half. The cow I own was once his calf. No town for mine, I will not bolt; Because my horse was once his colt. I'm going to stick right where I am, Because my sheep was once his lamb. I'll stay to work hard, he gets my vote, Because my hog was once his shoat. It's "itty-bitty" with dad and me, A profit sharing company.

Steady progress is being made on the construction of Gleichen's new covered rink and the structure will be completed for the coming winter's sport.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

In the Estate of Ambrose Cask alias Cask late of the Village of Carbon, in the Province of Alberta, Farmer, Deceased.

All persons having claims against the estate of the above mentioned, who died at Tryden in the District of Keewatin, on January 26th, 1932, are required to file proof of same with the undersigned on or before the 15th of September 1932.

After that date the Public Trustee will proceed to distribute having regard to the claims of the estate of which he shall then have had notice.

Dated at Toronto this 28th day of July 1932.

A. N. MIDDLETON,
Public Trustee,
Osgoode Hall,
TORONTO.

Visitors Take Majority of Events at the Carbon Tennis Tournament

A most successful lawn tennis tournament was held at Carbon on August 7th and 8th. The events played were: Men's Singles, Men's Doubles, Ladies' Singles and Ladies' Doubles. Entries were received from nine different towns: Ainslie, Drumheller, Elmore, Gleichen, Heston, Hanna, Rockyford, Calgary and Carbon.

The prize for the Men's Singles was a silver cup donated by W. A. Brainerd of Carbon. The prize for the ladies' singles was also a silver cup, which was donated by Mr. P. Edwards of the Carbon Hotel. The prizes in the other events were donated by the Carbon Lawn Tennis Club.

Play was practically continuous on the four ball courts of the Carbon Lawn Tennis Club from 9 a.m. August 7th till dark, and commencing again at 10 a.m. on Aug. 8th, continued to 7.30 p.m.

So successful and interesting was the tournament that it has been decided to make this an annual event of the Carbon Lawn Tennis Club and bigger and better things are planned for next year.

The proceedings terminated with a dance in the Farmers' Exchange hall on Monday night, which was well attended and thoroughly enjoyed by all. The following are the results and the names of the various events:

Men's Singles
First Round—H. Kelly of Calgary defeated D. Stanger of Rockyford by default. G. Mason, Drumheller, defeated W. Poxon, Carbon, 6-1, 6-4. G. Ramsay, Carbon, defeated E. Gray, Drumheller, 6-1, 6-3. The other competitors receiving byes.
Second Round—M. Palmer, Elmore, defeated P. Davis, Drumheller, 6-4, 5-6, 6-1. G. Yates, Heston, defeated H. Kelly, Calgary, 5-6, 6-5, 6-4. J. Taylor, Ainslie, defeated C. Poxon, Carbon, 6-4, 6-1. H. Birch, Hanna, defeated L. Bennett, Drumheller, 1-6, 6-2, 6-2. F. Palmer, Elmore, defeated F. Staruch of Drumheller, 6-4, 5-6, 6-2. J. Whinla, Drumheller, defeated F. Carver, Ainslie, 6-4, 6-3. B. Ramsay, Carbon, defeated C. Smith, Ainslie, 6-4, 6-0. A. Birch of Hanna, defeated B. Freyons, Drumheller, 6-0, 6-2. D. Anderson, Drumheller, defeated W. A. Brainerd Jr., Carbon, 6-4, 6-4. J. Fairbairn, Carbon, defeated S. Jamieson, Drumheller, 6-1, 6-4, 6-2. K. Knox, Heston, defeated J. Spence, Carbon, 6-4, 6-1. D. Hoker, Drumheller, defeated A. Stanger, of Rockyford, by default. C. Macleod of Drumheller defeated G. Mason, Drumheller, 6-2, 7-5, 6-1. E. Melville, Drumheller, defeated G. Ramsay, Carbon, 4-6, 6-2, 7-5. W. Edwards, Carbon, defeated G. Watkins, Calgary, 6-1, 6-3. B. Wise, Carbon, defeated C. Birch, Hanna, 6-1, 6-4.

Third Round—M. Palmer defeated G. Yates, 6-3, 6-2. J. Taylor defeated H. Birch, 5-6, 6-2, 6-2. J. Whinla defeated F. Palmer, 6-4, 6-2. A. Birch defeated B. Ramsay, 4-1, 5-6, 6-4. D. Anderson defeated J. Fairbairn, 3-6, 6-2, 6-0. J. Knox defeated D. Hoker.

Men's Doubles
First Round—M. Palmer and F. Palmer defeated Brainerd and Yates 6-1, 6-1. G. Ramsay and J. Spence defeated C. Poxon and G. Watkins 6-3, 6-2. W. Edwards and B. Ramsay defeated J. Fairbairn and W. Poxon 6-2, 6-3. E. Melville and S. Jamieson defeated J. Whinla and J. Neilson 6-1, 6-3. W. Hildwell and R. Ainsie defeated W. Hildwell and R. Ainsie defeated W. Hildwell and R. Ainsie.

Quarter Finals—Palmer and Palmer defeated Edwards and Ramsay 6-3, 6-5. Mason and Anderson defeated Starchuk and Nash 6-2, 6-3.

Final—M. Palmer and F. Palmer of Elmore, defeated G. Mason and D. Anderson of Drumheller, 6-2, 5-7, 6-2.

At the close of the tournament the prizes were presented to the successful competitors by Mr. R. J. Fairbairn.

DEBT ADJUSTMENT ACT IS NOW EXTENDED TO MERCHANTS

Debt adjustment facilities were extended to Alberta merchants on and after August 1, when the second part of the amendment passed at the last session of the legislature became operative. J. J. Frawley was appointed an official referee under the terms of the amended legislation. While originally limited to farmers, the debt adjustment plan is now to apply also to merchants, who will have similar privileges of adjusting their indebtedness to those already available to farmers.

Spend Your Cash in the Community

BUY YOUR NEEDS IN CARBON

The fall of the year is upon us and harvest is approaching. With it brings an increased demand for articles of food and clothing of all descriptions, which you must have. When the necessity arises, buy your needs in Carbon. Do not patronize the mail order houses such as Patons, Simpsons, Army and Navy, etc. They sell cheap goods cheap, but the buyer is not always satisfied. Get nothing in return. They pay no local taxes, support no local schools, do not keep up roads and the community in general. They are only after your dollar and they demand the cash, the other hand your local merchant depends on your business support and he deserves it for the very reason that he supplies the wants of the district where he is located. Should he be so unfortunally that he cannot get his goods you will then have to buy out of town. Naturally your taxes will rise higher in order to keep up schools and local institutions—and you will not save.

Buy at home and you are guaranteed satisfaction on everything you purchase. If you must send to the mail order house for your everyday wants, leave the Carbon districts and live in Regina, Winnipeg, or Toronto. When you return—and you will—you will be able to patronize the local merchants and keep up the district where you live. Conditions are the best and in the long run the cheapest.

Mr. Farmer, Do not expect your local merchant to take your business, and do not expect your local merchant to do as well as you can do. Do the best you can do. Do the best you can do. Do the best you can do.

IS YOUR TRUCK IN SHAPE?

The BIG CROP will soon be threshed and your truck should be in shape to handle the hauling.

PRECISION MACHINE & FOUNDRY LTD.

CALGARY, ALBERTA

FOR REBORING CYLINDERS AND FITTING NEW PISTONS, PINS AND RINGS. ALSO NEW TRANSMISSION AND DIFFERENTIAL GEARS AND PARTS.

OUR CUSTOMERS GET COMPLETE SATISFACTION

WHITE CUPS, per Dozen	95c
WHITE CUPS AND SAUCERS, per dozen	85c

New Line of Ivory Enamelware

Trimmed in Green—which is the best value offered by us in years.

IVORY ENAMEL WATER PAILS, Each 85c

7-QUART IVORY ENAMEL DISH PANS, Each 85c

IVORY WASH BASINS, Each 40c

LARGE IVORY ENAMEL SAUCE PANS, Each 50c

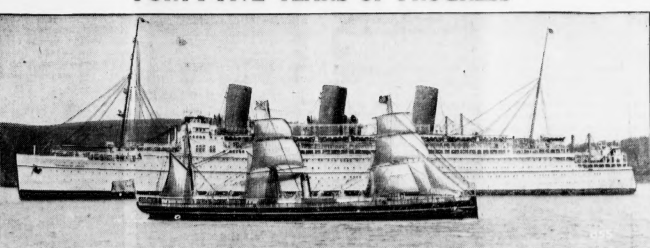
IVORY ENAMEL COOKING POTS with enameled cover, \$1.10

BUILDERS' HARDWARE STORES, LTD.

"CARBON'S LEADING HARDWARE"

A. KLASSEN, MANAGER — PHONE 3, CARBON

FORTY-FIVE YEARS OF PROGRESS



A forgotten artist, too modest to sign his name, and a second-hand dealer form the strange combination that brought to light one of the best examples of the growth of Canada's trade with the Orient. Forty-five years ago the first ship ever to fly the house-flag of the Canadian Pacific, a flag that has since found its way into practically every port in the world, was set out from Port Moody, B.C. She was the barque-riggered steamer "Alypsina", and such a marvel was she that the modest artist referred to transferred her graceful shape to canvas with painstaking detail.

They would have appeared passing each other on the broad waters of the Pacific. Some idea of the development of shipping in the 45 years may be gained by a comparison. The "Alypsina" was 361 feet six inches long, 25 feet wide, had a tonnage of 276, and a speed of 15 knots. The "Empress of Japan" is 679 feet long, 87 1/2 feet wide, has a tonnage of 16,000, and during her record-breaking passages between Vancouver, Victoria, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hong Kong and Manila has developed a high 23 knots—more than half as fast again.

A strange coincidence is that the "Alypsina" was chartered from W. G. Pearce, who later became the Fairfield Shipbuilding Company which famous Clyde shipyard built the Empress of Japan 25 years ago.

The 40th Anniversary of

"SALADA" LEADS

For 40 years SALADA has given the finest quality in tea. Present prices are the lowest in 15 years.

Lessons Of The Depression

A cabinet minister in one of the prairie provinces has expressed the view that the present business depression in this country is "a blessing in disguise" because it is teaching people many lessons which it is in their own interests and in the interests of the country at large they should learn.

While one can agree that many people are learning some rather hard lessons these days, the school of adversity, we are hardly prepared to go so far as to regard such experiences as "blessings," even in a disguised form. The men and women out of work in cities and towns, and the farmers who have suffered complete crop failure year after year, and who have not been able to market such surplus crops as they may have succeeded in raising at a price above the cost of production, and both of which groups have, of necessity, been forced to subsist on Government and Municipal relief, and go deeper into debt for that relief, fall to see where the "blessings" come in.

But it cannot be denied that some valuable lessons are being learned, hard and bitter though the experience of learning those lessons may be. And if these lessons are thoughtfully learned, taken to heart and not forgotten when the difficult days of the present have passed, then the trials and hardships of the present will not be all loss; there will be some profit in future years.

Quite a few people, for example, have learned to appreciate the value of having a little something in reserve, something laid by for a rainy day, as the old adage puts it, or perhaps, on the prairies we could more appropriately say, for a dry year. The mistake of spending up to the last dollar of one's income in years when they had incomes has been impressed upon thousands of people, and it is probably safe to predict that, when once again these people are in receipt of incomes in excess of their actual living requirements, they will say something aside by small instalments from their weekly wages or annual farm operations.

Governments, too, have probably had the lesson enforced upon them that they likewise must lay by their reserves in years of prosperity to tide themselves and their people through the lean years, rather than, as in the past, embark on large spending programmes when revenues are large and easy to collect. Public debts should be reduced in good years, because they are bound to rise in bad years. When times are generally prosperous, Governments can afford to hold off large programmes of public works and construction, and proceed with them when general employment declines and it is necessary to provide work.

Governments and large industrial employers of labor, it is to be hoped, have also learned to appreciate the fact that they have an obligation towards all the people on the one hand and their own employees on the other, and that the profits accruing to industry in good years must not, in the future, be all distributed in dividends to shareholders, or held in reserve to pay dividends when business drops off, but that an adequate percentage of those profits must be set aside in some form of unemployment insurance in order to provide protection for the workmen who assisted to create those profits. In future labor in industry must be protected just as effectively as the shareholders in industry. Many large concerns realize this, and even welcome it, but it is the duty of governments to see that it is universally adopted.

Another lesson that is being learned is the wisdom of putting all one's eggs in one basket, to quote another old proverb. In good times many business men have re-invested all their profits in expanding their businesses far beyond the needs of normal years. They have acted as if "boom" conditions would always prevail, with the result that when business declined they had plants on their hands, with heavy overhead expenses, which it was impossible to carry under decreased business conditions. The same thing can be said of many farmers. When crops were good and prices high, they bought more and yet more land, more machinery, more everything, frequently borrowing large sums to enable them to do these things. Then with smaller crops and lower prices they found they could not make money, and had to pay the debts, while if they had held back some of their former profits in reserve instead of tying them all up in so-called fixed assets, which often turned out to be fixed liabilities, they could have carried on without much worry.

Lack of ready money in this depression has taught many of us how to really economize; how many things we can do for ourselves if we will; how many things we actually do not need which we formerly thought we must have. A list of such things, each perhaps small in itself, could be given that would fill this newspaper column. And we are actually better off for the doing of things for ourselves instead of having somebody do them for us.

Some readers may think we are advocating a lower standard of living. Not at all. The standard of living that we should mount stoutly to a higher and higher. The difficulty is that we have confused what is essential to a high standard of living and what is not. Some things are essential to such a standard, but many things we have regarded as essential are not; rather they are pure luxuries, and these we should do without until we are well able to afford them. They should never be purchased until some reserve has first been accumulated.

Less mushroom growth; less waste and extravagance than in the past; continued economy in the use of non-essentials such as we have been forced to practice recently; the building up of some reserve—these are requirements for the future; they constitute some of the lessons of the depression.

Might Try Again

The following correction appeared in a small town paper:
"Our paper carried the notice last week that Mr. John Doe is a defective in the police force. This was a typographical error. Mr. Doe is really a detective in the police force!"

Summer Complaint

"I have found Baby's Own Tablets the best of all children's remedies for Summer Complaint, Colic, Teething and Constipation."
—Mrs. Walker, Thomas, Ont.
"I have found Baby's Own Tablets the best of all children's remedies for Summer Complaint, Colic, Teething and Constipation."
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"I have found Baby's Own Tablets the best of all children's remedies for Summer Complaint, Colic, Teething and Constipation."
—Mrs. Walker, Thomas, Ont.

BABY'S OWN TABLETS

An Interesting Document

Old Trading House Rules For Women In 1643

A document recently brought to Winnipeg, Manitoba, from one of the northern trading posts of the Hudson's Bay Company, dated back to 1643, shows the following provisions relating to women.

Marriages—Throughout the country the absence of clergymen, church officers only shall solemnize marriages, and no person shall be permitted to take a wife at any establishment without the sanction of the gentleman superintending the district.

Employment for the women and children—in the course of the week, due attention shall be bestowed to furnish the women and children with such regular and useful occupation as is suited to their age and capacities, and be calculated to suppress vicious and promote virtuous habits.

Education—As a preparation to education, the women and children at the several posts in the country shall be addressed and habilitated to converse in the language (whether French or English) of the father of the family; and that he be encouraged to devote a portion of his leisure time to their instruction as far as his own knowledge and ability will permit.

Contribution To Science

Report New Scientific Discovery Made By Curie Family At Paris

Mrs. Marie Curie's family has made a new contribution to science. The discovery of a ray stopped more easily by common paraffin than by lead as it was reported in Nature, British Journal of pure science.

Irene Curie, daughter of the famous woman scientist, and P. Joliot, her daughter's husband, report the discovery and say this ray is probably a beam of neutrons, almost invisible to the eye, and has no "ultimate particles" of matter.

The discovery offers light on the possible nature of neutrons.

Persian Balm is a true elixir of youth, Refreshes and rejuvenates. Adds a youthful charm to the complexion. Softens and beautifies the skin. Makes hands flawlessly white. Indispensable to the woman who appreciates delicate distinction. Delightful to use. Delicately fragrant. So the dry and irritated skin. Corrects and preserves. A flawless toilet requisite for every discerning woman. A true aid to beauty.

Canadian Salmon

Canada Leads In Canned Salmon Imports Of Great Britain

Canada in the first six months of 1932 has definitely maintained the leadership in the canned salmon imports of Great Britain, which the captured from the United States, the old ago. British trade figures show that in the first six months of 1930, the United States supplied 1,000,000 of the total import of 22,168,000 pounds, and Canada was second with 4,603,200. In 1931 Canada assumed first place with 9,640,544 pounds, and Canada was second with 7,140,896. This year Canada sent 8,991,808 and United States 5,077,264.

The Last Asthma Attack may really be the last one if prompt measures are taken. Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy will safeguard you. It will penetrate to the smallest bronchial passages and bring about a healthy condition. It always relieves and its continued use often has a permanent effect. Why not get this long-famous remedy today and commence its use? Inhaled as smoke or vapor it is equally effective.

Hatching Wild Ducks

Nature is being assisted in rearing up the supply of wild ducks for the sportmen of Manitoba. Eight thousand young wild ducks have been hatched in incubators and are now learning to swim in the waters of Lake Winnipeg. Eggs were gathered near the lake and the young, although hatched by artificial means, present a healthy appearance. The experiment has been so successful that it is proposed to hatch 16,000 in this year next year.

The Same Name

A woman entered a meat store with her small daughter. Seeing some tripe in the refrigerating case, the little one asked what it was.

"Tripe, dear," replied her mother.

"That's funny," said the child. "Daddy says that what we get over the radio."

The woman who marries a man because she is sorry for him is apt to be sorry for herself later on.

A pinch of grease will keep starch from sticking.

The glow of phosphorus is due to slow oxidation.

Stop and Think!

it pays to

"ROLL YOUR OWN"

with



TURRET
FINE CUT
Cigarette Tobacco

15¢ and 20¢ packages also in 1/2 lb. vacuum tins

It pays in pleasure—and pays in actual cash.

For Turret Fine Cut is fragrant, mellow Virginia tobacco, that rolls into thoroughly satisfying cigarettes. You can roll at least 50 cigarettes with a 20¢ package.

FREE Chantecler cigarette papers with every package.

End Of Reparations

Conference At Lausanne Marked A Great Step Forward

To speak of the Lausanne Conference as if it were a European conspiracy against the United States is totally wrong. Lausanne marked a great step forward. It showed the European nations have returned to sanity after all the madness of war and post-war nationalism. Because the Lausanne settlement will sooner or later bring the United States to a reconsideration of war debts, that inevitable result is not brought about by the failure of the Lausanne negotiators but only by their mutual recognition of their helplessness in the face of existing conditions. — Winnipeg Tribune

Quite At Home In Air

New York Girl Film Regularly To Southern Plantation

Flying over five countries while commuting between New York and Puerto Rico, Miss Clara Livingston at the controls of her own plane makes a solo flight of some 2,000 miles several times a year as casually as most women drive their automobiles to town. Having inherited a plantation in Puerto Rico, Miss Livingston, whose home is in Jamestown, N.Y., finds air transportation the most efficient aid in helping her attend to her business and widely separated interests. She is one of the few women who fly in Latin America.

Her arrival at Miami brings out a number of government officials as would a steamship, as she must be cleared by customs officers, the health officer, the immigration officer, and the plant board.

French Take To Air

Private Pilot's Licenses Show Increase This Year

French citizens are taking to the air for their own pleasure in greater numbers, according to the increased number of private pilot's licenses granted by the French government during the year ended March 1932, which totaled 465 as compared with 331 during the same period of last year, states a report from Assistant Trade Commissioner H. C. Schutte, Paris, France.

He: "If we were married, darling, the hours would roll by without our noticing them."

She: "Do you mean we probably wouldn't be able to afford a clock?"

France is the principal world source of alumina, with which aluminum is derived.

New Question Raised

U.S. Customs Asked To Refund Duty Charged On Goods Made At Sea

The United States Supreme Court was asked to decide whether customs duties can legally be imposed on articles produced on the high seas.

The question was raised by the Proctor and Gamble Manufacturing Company of Cincinnati on the importation of whale oil used in the manufacture of soap.

Under protest it paid a duty of six cents a gallon on the oil, taken in the Ross Sea by Norwegian seamen under contract and brought suit to recover the money.

The trial court held that ships at sea and the property in them are a part of the country to which the ship belongs, and that the whale oil was taxable as coming from Norway.

Practically His Own Doctor

Prince Of Wales Has Profit By Much Advice

The Prince of Wales has become his own doctor—to a certain extent—according to his own testimony before the British Medical Association.

"I have had so much advice," he told the learned physicians, "and have also learned like many others how to keep myself fit—that I have to some extent become my own doctor. The doctor," he added, "is content to let my first friend in life and my last."

Thousands of MOTHERS ARE GRATEFUL

"... I wish I had known about this when I raised my first baby," so many mothers tell us. Prof. Irving Berlin has made mothers good old. Our new Baby Welfare Book tells you how to keep your baby laughing and well—so father and mother and it will be mailed to you free.

The Berlin Co., Limited, 100, Queen's Road, London, England. Please send me free copy of this book. Name _____ Address _____

Eagle Brand MILK

Why Look "WHY LOOK YOUR AGE?" asks Billie Burke

"I really am 39," says this famous star. "And I don't see why any woman should look her age."

"We on the stage must keep our youthful freshness. To do this through the years means, above everything, guarding complexion beauty. For many I have used Lux Toilet Soap regularly—it keeps my skin amazingly clear and soft."

Years ago Broadway stars eagerly adopted Lux Toilet Soap because it will prevent Uterine Throat. At the first symptoms of sore throat, which presages ulceration and inflammation, take a handful of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Add a little sugar to make it palatable and it will allay the irritation and prevent the ulceration and swelling that are so painful. Those who were previously subject to quinsy have thus made themselves immune to attack.

Son Of Charles Dickens

Sir Henry Dickens, K.C., only surviving child of Charles Dickens, the novelist, is retiring from the position of Common Sergeant of the City of London, England, which he has held for 15 years. In this office he sits constantly as a judge at the Old Bailey. Sir Henry, who is 84, is the oldest judge still upon the bench.

Sweet and palatable, Mother's Own Worm Extremator is acceptable to children, and it does its work surely and promptly.

Glasgow, Scotland, is to have a new \$1,400,000 hospital.

"I'm 39"

W. N. U. 1934

Scientific Advances Assist Economic Progress Only When Benefits Are Reciprocal To All

To aid directly in the efficient utilization of Canadian resources to meet Canadian needs. To add as a nation in extending the bounds of man's knowledge. These are the objects of the National Research Laboratories, established at Ottawa by the Government of Canada.

Science, in the production of man's material needs, effected the industrial revolution. It flung wide the limits of goods and services at man's disposal. It made possible the support of populations exceeding populations of the pre-scientific era by hundreds of millions and it offers man today the possibilities of material and cultural advance beyond the dreams of other ages.

A few days ago, a speaker, before a secondary education conference in Quebec, made the following statement:

"Society is fundamentally different from what it was a few generations ago. Perhaps even as late as two generations ago it was impossible to produce enough for everybody."

"The long-term answer as to whether we can afford secondary education necessitates a comparison of the available economic energy in the United States. One hundred and forty years ago approximately 90 per cent of all the people were engaged in agriculture or allied pursuits. In other words, it took 90 per cent of a population to provide the basic food, clothing and shelter for the entire population. Today 20 per cent of the population can provide all of the food, clothing and shelter and leave 80 per cent. to provide cultural services and other types of commodities and services."

Science says, in effect, today:

"What we have some one must produce. Millions living in vast areas of the earth in sub-standard conditions of life even in normal times challenge our production system. If the sum total of goods and services man creates is not sufficient to go around there is under-production. Until very recently a millionaire, an Englishman, recently declared extravagantly, there will not be over-production. The distribution of purchasing power in order that society may take full advantage of its own development and power is society's supreme responsibility. Extreme and un-co-ordinated individualism as Sir John Stump had suggested, may not be the solution. A world of potential plenty has been wrought from a world of relative scarcity. So quickly has the transformation been effected that the possibilities in which man finds himself are yet but dimly appreciated. A fundamental change in the outlook of the common man is involved. There is potential economic energy sufficient to drive poverty from the earth. Thousands can be made available for new and greater tasks as society's needs are met. It has been estimated that since the Great War the methods of production used by or available in industry in Great Britain have made it possible to at least a 50 per cent. greater volume of goods to be produced with the same amount of labour. The International Labour Office reports that from 1925 to 1928 output in Germany rose by from 15 to 100 per cent. in various industries, while in Austria from 1924 to 1927 there was an increase of from 27 to 78 per cent. In the United States during the period 1915-20 to 1924-26, the average output per worker in the four main branches of the national industry (agriculture, mining, manufacturing and railways) rose 27 per cent. In Great Britain according to the same source, the increase in production in a group of ten industries from 1924-1929-30 was 11 per cent. while at the same time the number of workers employed fell by 8 per cent."

"The figures indicate the increased productive capacity of modern industrial equipment, contrasting sadly by the side the record of millions living in sub-standard conditions of life, and emphasizing the necessity of comprehensive action."

"The estimate that between 1845 and 1929—the period in which science made its greatest advances—the number of people in the world to be supported increased by more than 800,000,000, from 1,000 million to 1,900 million, refutes the charge that science has lessened opportunity for employment and it further rebuts the view that the necessity of more and more employing millions which owe their present state of advance or their existence to science."

"The following statement was made by William Green, the President of the American Federation of Labour, in the New York Times of July 17, 1932:

"During the period of high production activity—1922 to 1929—the number of unemployed was steadily increasing, because of the rate of technological change. Even at the peak of production, the unemployed were mounting to 1,000,000. This was the result of the installing improved machinery and new processes without planning for the workers displaced, and the consequences to the whole economic structure. Technical improvements become automatic work and more adequate and dependable incomes. Neither groups nor nations can make continuous progress unless their gains are shared with others. The poverty of one is a drag upon the prosperity of others."

"When a company installs a new machine, the workers are displaced, and the workers of sixty-nine men, what becomes of the sixty-eight? When a gas-belt machine with one operator turns out as many bottles as forty hand operatives, what becomes of the thirty-nine? A new machine to prepare gold leaf for window decorations reduced the payroll of one group from sixty-four to seven."

"The loss of work opportunities to telephone operators controlling railway traffic has steadily decreased since 1921, in close correlation with technological changes. Automatic devices and control equipment have brought displacement. The decline between 1921 and 1931 for all groups in traffic control was 12 per cent."

"The loss of work opportunities to telephone operators through the dial system is 32.5 per cent."

"Mechanical music in motion picture houses in Washington, D.C., displaced 90 per cent. of the musicians in white theatres and 51 per cent. in colored. Unemployment among all musicians is now 533 per cent."

"One operative and a ditch-digging machine can do the work that forty-four diggers with hand shovels formerly did."

"This problem of displaced workers is one which single companies or industries cannot solve within their own jurisdiction. It requires too wide a knowledge of economic trends and specific facts. To help meet the needs of business and these displaced workers the Federation has proposed a federal agency accumulating information on man-hours of work by industries, workers available and potential, and the factors that determine productivity and output. Such an agency would perform for wage rates and management a service in some respects similar to that which the Weather Bureau performs for ships. It would report where high and low in employment are developing, broadcast warnings of danger and spread advice in business planning and organization of the labour market. Such an agency could help to avert a situation like the one that plagues us now."

There are 619 miles of subways in New York City, of which 213 miles are actually underground.

Antarctic, or the Antarctic continent is believed to have an area of about 5,000,000 square miles.

Old Sayings Modified

Original Meanings Of Many Have Been Practically Lost

Have you ever wondered what some of our everyday sayings mean, and how they originated? Some of them have practically lost their original meanings, and others have become very modified by the passage of time.

For instance, the expression, "As mad as a hatter," is only a corruption of, "As mad as an ass or viper," and as the old meaning of "mad" was "venomous," the whole saying can be translated into "as venomous as a viper."

We do not, however, mean anything nearly as drastic as this when we say the saying nowadays.

Another saying which has altered somewhat in meaning is that a man "is not worth his salt." We do not literally mean that he is in no degree at all as to be unworthy of the small sum expended on this household accessory, but that he is not worthy of his pay.

This is, of course, what the phrase originally meant, as the word "salary," coming from the new root, was the money paid to a Roman soldier in order that he might be provided with that then highly prized commodity.

Some of our expressions date back to old customs, as with the phrase "the pot-luck." In former days, and indeed in the present day it was the custom, in some of our remote country villages to keep a large family cooking pot always boiling over the fire, and into this anything edible was thrown, so that when meal time each person dipped in for his or her share, and what they received was "pot-luck."

"To laugh up your sleeve" would seem a very peculiar thing to do if we took the saying literally, and yet it has its derivation in the fact that in bygone days sleeves were worn very wide and long, and if a person wished to hide a smile, he had only to lift his hand to his face to literally laugh up his sleeve.

One Of The Really Great

Hon. Stanley Baldwin Is Always Kind To Camera

Some of the photographers at Ottawa were surprised at the readiness of Hon. Stanley Baldwin to pose for newspaper pictures. As soon as the English statesman saw the cameras, he greeted them with a smile.

Most of the really great men are like that. It is only the ones who think they are important things to make a fuss about their pictures being taken. And those same chaps are usually anxious to get their pictures right on the front page.

Oyster fisheries in the United States now rank second only to salmon fisheries in value.

Before his conversion, St. Paul was called Saul.

FRENCH-CANADIAN HANDICRAFTS

French-Canadian handicrafts and products of the loom from all parts of the province were on view when the fourth annual Provincial Handicraft Exhibition at the Major Richelieu was officially opened by A. O. Bérubé, director of the Department of the Queen's Honours.

It was a fine display of the work of the French-Canadian classic, with a charming piece of handwork. Miss Bouchard now gives most of her time to improvement of living and working conditions among the women in the rural parts of Quebec.

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BRITISH OLYMPIAN

Here is the baby of the British Olympic team, shown as she had her first glimpse of New York, where she arrived, en route to Los Angeles. She is 16-year-old Mary Kenyon, one of England's foremost girl swimmers, who hopes to get her laurels and at the same time help her country at the international games.



Good Fishing In Saskatchewan Pelliced Lakes and Streams Intrigue The fisherman visiting in Saskatchewan will find ample opportunity to use his favorite rod and best tackle. A good all weather road leads north-west from Prince Albert to Sturgeon Lake (Nanawau Lake), which is one of the noted picture lakes of the district. It also contains perch, pike and whitefish. Emma Lake, thirty miles north-west of Prince Albert, is well supplied with fish and offers ideal camping locations. It is a beautiful lake with regular shore line and extensive sandy beaches for bathing. It is surrounded by a heavy stand of trees, including spruce and birch. Sixty miles northwest of Prince Albert is Candle Lake, more difficult to reach, but offering miles of sandy bathing beaches surrounded by heavy spruce, jackpine, birch and poplar. Wonderful scenery and an abundance of game fish.

Message From Prince

A party of schoolboys leaving for Canada in the charge of Col. J. S. Hill, received a bon voyage greeting from the Prince of Wales. "His Royal Highness," ran the message "hopes the boys will visit his High River ranch in Alberta, and sends his best wishes for their ninth tour."

Within His Rights

A Frenchman recently had her hand haled into court because she refused to utter a word of conversation at any meal time. The court decided a man had a right to eat in silent peace if he wanted.

"Genuine education doesn't always come out of books."

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Rust Resistant Variety of Wheat May Be Available To Farmers Within a Period of Three Years

Rust, the disease of grain, has cost Canada in epidemic years as many as 100,000,000 bushels of wheat.

It has been estimated that the total yield of wheat on the Canadian prairies during each of the past two years has been reduced by drought by approximately the same amount.

At the annual meeting of the Associated Farmers on Field Crop Diseases in Winnipeg on April 21, it was announced that a rust-resistant variety of wheat would be available for distribution to the farmers within two or three years time. The hopes of the Committee may thus be fulfilled just ten years after the attack on the rust menace was co-ordinated and accelerated by the appointment of the Committee. Dr. Robert Newton, the acting director of the Division of Biology and Agriculture, National Research Laboratories, and Professor of Field Crops and Plant Biochemistry, University of Alberta, has said: "The solution of such a problem in that period of time must be regarded as a scientific triumph of the first order."

Under the aegis of the Associated Farmers on Grain Research of the National Research Council a comprehensive programme of investigation into drought resistance is now being planned upon.

Plans have been made for the work to be done at the University of Alberta and the University of Manitoba. The University of Alberta is following a fourfold programme:

(a) To ascertain the resistance of wheat varieties to drought.

(b) To study in detail certain morphological and physiologic characters associated with drought resistance.

(c) To study the mode of inheritance and genetics of drought resistance.

(d) To produce desirable strains of wheat resistant to drought.

Under the aegis of the Council the work that has been in progress at the University of Alberta will be expanded. At the University of Manitoba, the Council is making it possible to do for Durum wheats what has already been done on such an extensive scale in various laboratories for bread wheats. Because of the demand, particularly in Italy where it is used for the manufacture of such alimentary pates as spaghetti and macaroni, Durum wheats have been selling at a premium over the bread wheats.

Manitoba produces a large percentage of the wheat production of Manitoba and is not so susceptible to the more common rusts as the bread wheats. Its significance to the drought resistance programme of the Associated Farmers on Grain Research, is in its suitability for growth in dry climates.

With the recent destructive effects by drought to agriculture in the United States several major projects on drought resistance in field crops have been developed there, but it is probably in Russia that to date the most extensive studies on this problem have been made. The Lenin Academy of Agricultural Sciences has an Institute known as the Institute for the Control of Drought, organized for this particular purpose. A special journal devoted to the publication of material on drought, is issued by the Institute. Several new drought resistant varieties, superior in yield as well as in quality to other Russian wheats, have been developed by the plant breeders of that country.

In 1929 the University of Alberta received a number of Russian wheat varieties which were developed for growing in areas with a limited precipitation. During the past three years these varieties have proved to be superior to our own common grown varieties in resistance to drought but are very inferior in certain other agronomic characters, especially quality. In 1929 Dr. O. S. Amos, Professor of Genetics and Plant Breeding at the University of Alberta, commenced a breeding programme by making nine crosses between the Russian varieties and local strains which are superior in those characteristics in which the Russian varieties are inferior. This hybrid material developed in this way has reached the segregating generations and now an intensive study is about to begin. The arrangements have been made to conduct the field tests on dry land at Brooks, Alberta. These field tests are made possible through the assistance given for field work by the Canadian Pacific Railway Irrigation Division and the Searle Grain Company. The rest of the work on the project will be conducted at the university where laboratory and greenhouse facilities are available.

An apparatus in which it will be possible to generate artificial "chickens" has been constructed. It is similar to that used by Dr. V. V. Pavlov, one of the Russian experts in drought resistance. It consists of a glass-chamber connected with a tube to a heating apparatus. Fans for wind blurs and equipment for temperature and humidity control are placed in the tube. Plants to be tested are grown in the greenhouse or in pots in the field in summer, and then moved to the special chambers where various combinations of wind, temperature, humidity and soil moisture can be supplied. The chickweed which have been mentioned are the worst dry weeds which at frequent intervals, and without much warning, blow down the passes of the Rocky Mountains on to the plains, blighting the soulless Alberta.

Investigations involving plant breeding and efforts to discover the fundamental nature of drought resistance, as the cereal rust work has indicated, require many years to bring to completion. Dr. Amos thinks that the work that will produce desirable strains of wheat that are resistant to drought in ten years time. Three years work has already been done on it at the University of Alberta.

Spurns All Barriers

Ontario Farmer Claims He Owns a Champion Jumping Horse

Who owns the champion jumping horse in Ontario?

Probably J. W. Coulter, who lives seven miles south of Redwoodville, Prince Edward County. Anyway, he is the title holder until someone puts up a better record, which is doubtful.

Here is the story as related by Mr. Coulter:

"I have a three-year-old Yorkshire gelding, named Jumping out of the pen. I could not keep her in, so I added a board all around. She went over that. I added another and she took the leap over that. Then another which made the total of five feet in height, and behold—she cleared that with ease."

Patronize Home Product

Statistics Show Manitoba Girls Prefer Canadian For Husbands

Manitoba brides prefer natives. Whatever the romance of far countries, the charm of strange people they pick the home product first when choosing a life mate. The latest vital statistics for the province of Manitoba show that five times out of six Manitoba born girls marry British subjects or prefer Canadians.

The remainder prefer Swiss or Teutonic spouses to Asiatics or even Latins, and only one in a couple of thousand goes for a black. And the home preference goes double for Manitoba men.

Arctic Islands Preserve

Wild Life Sanctuary Consists Of Large Land Area

The area of wild life preserves set aside for the benefit of nature by the Department of the Interior, in the Northwest Territories, Canada, has been extended by taking in all islands under Canadian jurisdiction north of the districts of Mackenzie and Keewatin, with the exception of a part of Inuit Island. This large area is now known as the Arctic Islands Preserve.

The preserve covers a land area of 439,103 square miles.

Insures Crop Collection

A country minister in Australia has insured his Sunday collections against rain. In case of a downfall calculated to interfere with the attendance he will get \$50 and if it falls less \$1.50 weekly to carry the policy. It is not known whether prayers for rain were excluded in the bargain.

"The maid found a silver spoon in the hall, sir."

"Another guest with a hole in his pocket."—Buen Humor, Madrid.

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Keep Health the Eno Way

You do not have to use drastic and strong cathartics that cause irritation. ENO'S "Fruit Salt," by gently and safely ridding the intestinal tract of poisons, will help to make you and keep you healthy. A dash of ENO in a glass of water every morning not only prevents the evils of constipation. BE ENO conscious!

C613

ENO'S FRUIT SALT

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Mantoloba's only salt well has started production in commercial quantities.

France has agreed to make no move toward revision of her debt to the United States until conditions are more favorable.

Richard Nicholls, licensee of the Centre Hotel, Swansea, who does not bet, has travelled 25,000 miles to attend 48 consecutive Derby races.

Mill stones used for grinding wheat 100 years ago will be used again by Albert Miller, who is at present preparing to operate a water mill near Haglan, Ont.

There was a substantial gain in the Prairie Provinces wool clip last year. Alberta clipped 4,504,000 pounds, Saskatchewan 1,605,000 pounds, and Manitoba 1,202,000 pounds. Total 7,311,000 pounds.

President Hoover's fortune has advanced from \$4,000,000 in 1914, when he retired from active business, to \$700,000 at the present time, the magazine Fortune asserts in its August issue.

The appointment of S. J. Hungerford, acting president of the Canadian National Railways to be a member of the board of directors of the government-owned system is announced.

A giant airplane, believed the largest land plane ever constructed, has been completed in the aircraft plant of the Ford Motor Company, Dearborn, Mich. Officials plan a test flight in the immediate future.

Adding to his already large holding of big trees, Frank J. D. Barnham, of Montreal and Annapolis Royal, U.S., has completed the purchase of an additional 248 acres of giant Douglas fir trees on Vancouver Island.

While driving his own automobile, Dr. Hugo Eckener, dirigible expert, tried to pass another motor car and ran into a tree with such force that he knocked it down at Kempen, Germany.

The collection of nineteenth-century British Empire postage stamps gathered by Dr. H. A. Jones, president of St. John's College and Montreal, England, was sold recently for nearly \$34,000.

Extend Shooting Season

United States Season For Ducks and Geese To Be One Month Longer

Restrictions imposed on hunting ducks and geese in the United States last year were so successful in promoting an increase in these game birds that the 1932 open season will be two months instead of one month allowed in 1931.

The season will be October 1 to November 30 in the states bordering the Canadian prairie provinces, Minnesota, North Dakota and Montana. Throughout the country there will be a daily bag limit of 15, and a possession limit of 30, on all species of ducks.

Parachute leaps from airplanes at night are being attempted, with the aid of spot and flash lights.

Phosphorus for medicinal use is obtained from distillation of bone.

There is room for only one here—Bordagmiese-Nitz, Mischman.

W. N. U. 1954

Reporter Ate the Evidence

Investigation Regarding Cheese Had To Be Called Off

The reporter dropped into the civic relief depot at Ottawa, Ont., in search of news. He was feeling rather hungry. There was a piece of cheese.

Then the trouble began. The cheese, it seems, had been returned by an inmate householder, who declared it was absolutely unfit for human consumption. It was to have been examined by the medical health officer, food inspector, members of the relief committee and other officials. But, with this evidence gone, the investigation was called off.

Winnipeg Newspaper Union

The Winnipeg Newspaper Union, which has been in existence since 1914, is now in a state of financial distress. The union has been unable to pay its dues for some time, and its members are facing a difficult situation.

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"It ain't one of the graspin' poots. I'm considerin' your interests. The more you like to give me unsolicited, the less I'll have to take off by force—see?"—The Humourist, London, England.

Aviators Had Trying Time

Blown Off Course German Flyers Lost For Two Months

Two months ago Capt. Hans Bertram, 27, and Mechanic Adolph Klausmann took off from Koepang, Timor Island, for Darwin, Australia, 500 miles south. In their Junkers seaplane "Atlantis" they had left Germany three months prior, on a tour to boost German trade. From Koepang they never reached Darwin. For weeks flyers and foot parties searched the bush of Australia's north coast. Some black natives found the abandoned plane, and Capt. Bertram's cigarette case and a handkerchief, on the beach near Drysdale Mission, 100 miles northwest of Wyndham. Australian officials continued searching, dubiously. At last, one day a pilot launch brought Bertram and Klausmann ashore at Wyndham, nearly 2,000 miles from their starting point. The flyers had landed near Drysdale, thinking it was Melville Island. They had a few blisters, no water. For days they tramped the bush in search of water and friendly natives, and later drank the contents of the plane's radiator. Several occasions they plodded miles to what they thought was a signal fire, arrived exhausted to find an unattended bush fire. They "caught liars" on the rocks, which we ate ravenously. They fashioned a raft from one of their airplane floats, paddled for five days in a rough sea, saw a steamer pass within a mile of them. Hunger drove them again ashore, to feed on snails and leaves. On the 30th day "to our great excitement we sighted a black, who brought a large fish, which we cooked and ate ravenously. We knelt and offered prayers to the good God for our deliverance."

In Ramsched, French Capt. Bertram's home, his mother had turned grey, his grandmother had died of grief.

Fewer Hand-Lace Workers

Old Industry In France Is Gradually Dying Out

Attention is being called to the discouraging decline in the hand-made lace industry in France. When lace makers, mostly few remaining lace-makers, mostly very old women in the remote corners of Finistère and the Voge districts, have died, it will probably be next to impossible to find anyone to take their places. Prices will of course rise and those who possess collections of fine old lace will be able to ask large sums for them. High tariff barriers have made exportation practically prohibitive, the one remaining open market being Belgium, a country which makes nearly all of her own lace consumption. Low wages are also discouraging the lace workers who find that they can earn far more at packing sandies on other artistic work.

Machine Makes Rain For Russian Farms

Tests Of Device Said To Have Proved Satisfactory

An artificial rainmaker termed at Leningrad, the first in the world, has been produced by the special institute for artificial rain. The rain making machine developed current at 75,000 volts and preliminary tests are stated to have proved highly satisfactory. The apparatus, with a capacity of 200,000 has been put into construction. This larger machine is expected to produce even more startling deluges.

It is understood that this apparatus and others which the institute plans to construct will eventually be installed in central Asia and in sections of the Volga region where a scant rainfall often ruins crops.

When resting, a mosquito rains its hind legs.

Newspapers Win Prizes

Western Weeklies Receive Awards At Recent Conventions

Prizes were awarded to the leading weekly newspapers at the annual convention of the Canadian Newspaper Association when the Rosebuds (Sask.) Eagle, published by C. W. Holmes, was awarded the Charles Clark cup, open to weeklies with circulation over 1,000 and under 2,000. Second prize went to La Chute (Que.) Watchman, and third to the Dufferin Leader, of Carman, Man.

The Hugh Savage shield, in the competition for papers under 1,000 circulation was won by the Grand Forks, B.C., Gazette, A. F. Mason, publisher. There was a tie for second between Alameda (Sask.) Dispatch, and Curling, Newfoundland, Western Star, River (Man.) Star and Times and was, with Flin Flon Miner, Miss Louise Schell, publisher, was fourth.

A special prize for the best front page display donated by J. A. McLaughlin, of the Barrie Examiner, was won by the Yorkton (Sask.) Enterprise, published by S. N. Wynn.

Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

ORANGE FILLING

(Sufficient for 1 to 2-layer cake)
1 egg
1 cup sugar
6 tablespoons sugar
2½ tablespoons cornstarch
½ cup water
½ cup orange juice
½ teaspoon grated orange rind
1 tablespoon butter

Beat egg, add sugar and cornstarch. Mix well. Add water, just and rind. Cook in double boiler 15 minutes, stirring frequently. Add butter. Cool before proceeding on cake.

Orange Date Filling

(Sufficient for 1 to 2-layer cake)

Add ½ cup chopped dates to Orange Filling.

Orange Marshmallow Filling

(Sufficient for 1 to 2-layer cake)

Make Orange Filling, adding to it 8 marshmallows which have been quartered.

PARTY PUNCH

1 pint cold water.
2 cups sugar.
2 cups crushed pineapple.
1 cup orange juice.
½ cup lemon juice.
½ cup strawberry syrup.

Mix all the ingredients and stir until the sugar is dissolved. Dilute with crushed ice. Serve in tall glasses garnished with thin slices of lemon and maraschino cherries.

Rule By Daughter

Isabel MacDonald Looks After Imperial Households

The real ruler of No. 10 Downing Street, official home of the British prime minister, is not Ramsay MacDonald, but Isabel, his daughter. Ramsay may call world conferences, he may parley with foreign statesmen, but it is Isabel who sees that he is punctual, that he is dressed correctly, that he gets his meals on time, and that he gets sufficient rest.

Premier MacDonald's personal comfort is Isabel's life work. It is rumored that all thoughts of marriages have been put out of her head so long as her father is to be looked after.

And looking after her is no easy job. He is one of those intense people. If he had his way he would remain in conference all day and night. It is Isabel who gently but firmly reminds him that at some point and sleep occasionally are necessary.

Now her duties have been added to by Mr. MacDonald's eye affliction.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

AUGUST 14

THE TEN COMMANDMENTS II.

Golden Text: "Thou shalt love thy neighbor as thyself."—Leviticus 19, 18.

Lesson: Exodus 20:12-21.
Devotional Reading: Psalm 15.

Explanations and Comments

The Law Of Filial Piety, verse 12.—Thou shalt honor—love and respect—thy father and thy mother. This is the first commandment with promise. Ephesians 6:2: "that thy days may be long in the land." Jehovah thy God giveth thee. "The promise coupled with this command in common with almost all the promises made to the ancient people of God, applies rather to the nation than to the individual. The people among whom the sacredness of the family link is maintained, whose children render obedience to their parents during the time of immaturity, and always honor them, will be the nation of strength, retaining its hold upon its own possessions, and abiding." "The motive was not the highest motive, nor, for us, could it be the true one; but for slaves just escaped out of Egypt, it was a wise one."

The Law Of Life, verse 13.—Thou shalt not kill. As the Hebrew word here translated "kill" is not the word for kill, the English Revised Version and the American Version translates the sentence, "Thou shalt do no murder." The prohibition was not against every act of killing, but only that kind which we call murder. One who murders a man in order to own his life or the lives of others, or who murders with malicious intent, is guilty of murder. One who commits murder is actuated by a personal motive or passion. He would not kill, but is tempted by personal feeling against the man he kills; he kills, but not for his country, for the lives of others, and does not violate this commandment.

The Law Of Purity, verse 14.—Thou shalt not commit adultery. Recall Jesus' words about this commandment in Matthew 5:27-32. Recall the deal with the matter to a high plain when he said it was impossible to do with the question of human purity unless we deal with it in the thought stage as well as in the act. The man who indulges in evil mental attitudes is guilty, and from this inclination he would not kill, but is tempted by personal feeling against the man who by act or dress is partner to the mental state on the part of the man.—Arthur E. Holey.

The Law Of Honesty, verse 15.—Thou shalt not steal. "Borrowing without the permission of the lender is unchristian. Stealing another name, even though it be done but temporarily, against the receipt of a check, or a bill, or an intention to make the default good later on. Such wickedness in commercial and books are often 'borrowed' by people of defective memory. Steal weight, steal measure, steal adulterated goods, excessive prices, sweated wages, underselling to equate a rival, are actions so widespread that it is almost impossible to list them. Practice them with an easy conscience."—Allan Froese.

The Law Of Truthfulness, verse 16.—Thou shalt not bear false witness against thy neighbor. "Thou shalt not bear false witness against thy neighbor." The law refers primarily to false evidence given in a court of law, and, naturally, to any false testimony about a given person under any circumstances. Few escape wrongfulness of some sort. A new era of development is being ushered in. Many must now stand upon their own merits and not upon the support of a name."—The Law Of Deity, verse 17.—The last of the Ten Words, it differs radically from the rest. It opens the radical part of the code, and is not only to man's relations to his fellows, but his relation to himself. Not only is he to suppress all those acts which disrupt his relationship to God and man, but he is to check and control all those impulses which surge up within his heart; he is to regulate and purge the very sources of action.

Selling Emperor's Treasures

Tourists Are Offered Articles Belonging To Former Chinese Rulers

The treasures of an emperor—many emperors rarely are—sold weekly in the sacred precincts of the Forbidden City. An advertisement in the newspaper attracts reporters and tourists when it offers "once in a history for you to obtain relics, bracelets, emerald, glass, etc., from China's former Imperial Households."

The articles on sale represent but a portion of the great chests full of treasures stored away by the rulers during the centuries of mystery connected with the dwellers of the Forbidden City. Every Sunday from ten to four certain pavilions of the palace are turned into sale rooms where the articles are disposed of at moderate prices with full consent of the national government.

Probably Good Thing

A mother was discussing with her daughter the qualities of men. "Oh," said the daughter impatiently, "but they have no self-control!" "All the better," replied the mother, "for had there been a great many more self-control, it would have been a great many more spinsters."

Don't get too self-important. You may be as wise as an owl and just as stupid.

"I haven't been so happy for years."

"I've just thrown out all my dust cloths."

—because I've found how to do the work better, easier and quicker.

"I've never seen anything like Wonder Paper. It really does, clean and polished the floor in a matter of minutes. It takes up dirt like magic, and so easily. And you can use it over and over."

"What I used to waste about dusting was the bother of keeping the dusts clean. I always used old and new of old rags and the like—and it seemed so I was literally wasting time. It worried me just to throw them into a bag or cupboard. They seemed so unsanitary."

"The beauty of Wonder Paper is that you throw it away when you're through with it."

"It can promise that you'll have Wonder Paper in your home for a very much more attractive than dusting."

Special Offer

WONDER PAPER is made by the makers of the famous PARA-SANI Heavy Waxed Paper in the Green Box. Most grocery, hardware and department stores will have it. If you don't find it in stock, if you want, you can get a booklet entitled "Lovers," containing one hundred recipes, as a bonus for your trouble.

Applied Paper Products, Ltd., Hamilton, Ontario.

Each box of Wonder Paper which places send us one package of The Wonder Paper and your 100 recipes for "Lovers."

Name _____

Address _____

My dealer is _____

CANADA OFFERS TO DIVERT TRADE TO MOTHERLAND

Ottawa, Ont.—United States may lose millions of dollars as a result of a reciprocal trade offer made by Canada to Great Britain at the Imperial Economic Conference. Canada offered a market for \$150,000,000 in British products in return for preferential treatment for wheat, lumber, butter, fish, dairy products, live cattle, masts, including hams, meats, vegetables and fruits.

Canada will admit free of duty, or over lowered tariff barriers hundreds of British goods, including iron and steel products, anthracite coal, brass products, automobiles, glass goods and possibly chemicals, boots and shoes and some lines of cotton goods. If the two countries come to a definite agreement it will mean an influx into Canada of United States branch factories.

Iron and steel products alone, Canada imported \$81,000,000 from United States last year and \$12,383,600 from Great Britain. Canadian imports of anthracite coal from United States totaled \$14,654,600 and from Great Britain \$4,745,600. It is proposed by Canada that it throw open to Great Britain its markets for iron and steel and anthracite coal, diverting as much trade as possible from United States and other non-empire countries.

The Canadian offer will be considered by the British delegation and a definite decision made within a few days.

Transients At Calgary

Unemployed From Coast Cause Serious Situation At Fortitude City
Calgary, Alberta.—Several hundred unemployed transients from British Columbia are walking Calgary Streets after journeying from the Pacific Coast province via the Red Deer line to 200 men drop off nearly every train from British Columbia, resulting in a serious situation here.

A number of the transients maintain camps by the side of the tracks in British Columbia by the closing down of relief camps. They declare those who are not residents of British Columbia are told to leave the province.

Alberta Girls Drown

Mother Of One Makes Unsuccessful Attempt At Rescue

Ryley, Alberta.—Two girls were drowned while wading in a dam used by the Canadian National Railway at Holden. They were Gladys Kirkland, 14, and Betty Roberts, 15, both of Ryley, 38 miles east of Edmonton. Miss Roberts drowned when she attempted to rescue Miss Kirkland. Mrs. Roberts, mother of Betty, attempted to save both but nearly lost her life. She was rescued by an employee at the dam and was revived by pulmoner.

Early Wheat Delivery

Medicine Hat, Alberta.—First delivery of wheat from the new crop was made August 3, when J. G. Dais, farmer three miles east of here, brought in a load to the milling company. The wheat graded No. 1 Northern and farmers in the district are optimistic regarding this year's crop.

"Free Fair" Was Success

Saskatoon, Sask.—Canada's first "free fair," held here by the success, officials of Saskatoon's exhibition announced. Total attendance of 151,785 eclipsed 120,000 the previous high mark set in 1928. The financial loss, if any, will not exceed \$4,000, contrasted with a loss of \$20,000 for last year.

Spirit Of The West

Ottawa, Ont.—Impressed with the spirit of the west which, despite economic depression continued to look forward with optimism to the future, members of the British National Union, who have been touring Canada for the past five weeks, expressed themselves as full of hope for what was in store for this country.

Duchess Of York Thirty-Two
London, England.—The Duchess of York very quietly celebrated her 32nd birthday in London, August 4. Originally the duke and duchess intended to spend the anniversary at Glamis Castle but the duke's health condition altered the arrangements.

W. N. U. 1954

Port Ready For Business

Deep Sea Pier At Churchill Is Practically Finished

Churchill, Man.—While the rattle of riveting, and the humming of pumps, military construction here, the end of the deep sea pier programme is in sight.

The grain galleries which will pour a flood of grain into the deep sea ships this month are finished. Freight sheds are practically finished. There are two sidings ready for trains, which will haul incoming freight to the cities of the south. All that remains now is a bit of painting and cleaning up the construction debris.

From now until the middle of the month the workmen will move south, as their jobs are completed. There will be no spending orders in The Pub, Man., as in other years, when big gangs "went out" on mass. This year the men will dribble out in small numbers. They will not have big "stakes," as they had in the past years. They are sober-minded men.

The Department of Railways and Canada has a full summer's dredging programme to carry out in the harbor. The marine railway for winter ships will be completed. There will be considerable activity during the shipping season, when incoming cargoes of wheat, grain, and other goods will be handled, as well as anything of further grain shipments, which may come from the prairies.

It is expected the season will close to a close here about October 15.

Armament Reduction

U.S. Administration Hopes International Conference Will Open the Way

Washington.—The United States administration hopes the forthcoming international economic conference, in addition to opening the way for an improvement of business conditions, will prove to be one of the steps leading to a reduction of world armaments.

"This is one of the points being considered at the state department and the White House where thought is being given to the qualifications of a group of men from which will be chosen the three American members of the separate committees that will plan the conference and survey the economic and financial phases of the world."

Floods Destroy Grain

Thousands Of Farmers In Central Manchuria Lose Everything

Harbin, Manchuria.—Twenty-one days of unrelenting rain converted Central Manchuria into a vast lake and brought about a national disaster.

Tens of thousands of enormous stocks of grain and soy beans lie in thousands of farmers and other residents of Manchuria, who are fleeing to the cities from the inundation.

The material damage is estimated at several hundred million Mexican dollars.

Harbin is isolated from the rest of the world by rail and the three branches of the Chinese Eastern railway are paralyzed.

Celebrates Birthday

Ottawa, Ont.—The Imperial Conference paused for a few minutes to do honor to Rt. Hon. Stanley Baldwin, leader of the British delegation, on his 65th birthday. The congratulations of the assembled delegates were voiced by Prime Minister R. B. Bennett, chairman of the conference, in a little speech. Mr. Baldwin replied with a few felicitous remarks. Mr. Baldwin was born on August 3, 1867—the year of Confederation.

Praise For Baldwin

London, England.—Sir Arthur Baldwin, at Liberal Party school, Oxford, said: "We have all been reading the speeches of Baldwin at Ottawa, and reflecting that if only Baldwin had the courage and persistence to translate into policy and practice the principle of his speeches he is certainly one of the great Liberal leaders of the day."

According To Religion

Ottawa, Ont.—Of the total population of 16,376,760 enumerated in last census, Canada, 4,094,546 were Roman Catholics. There were 2,016,897 persons belonging to the United Church, 1,635,331 Anglicans; 876,492 Protestants; 443,229 Baptists; and 394,052 Lutherans. The figures were released recently by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics.

Rich Silver Strike

Great Bear Lake District Attracting Many Prospectors

Calgary, Alberta.—Large silver deposits have been unearthed just south of the Great Bear Lake. The discovery is in the north where rich discoveries of minerals, including uranium ore, is drawing thousands of prospectors.

Word of the discovery was made known recently by the Canadian Northern Mining Corporation, whose property adjoins that where the silver was located. Officers of the firm said the strike removed all doubt regarding the value of the ore claims. They said it was the largest silver strike made in the area.

IRISH REPUBLIC SAID TO BE AIM OF DE VALERA

Dublin, Ireland.—Senator Joseph Connolly, minister of posts and telegraph, told the senate that creation of an Irish Republic was a policy of President Eamon de Valera and that Great Britain could not hope to get its war debts repaid by the United States "so long as this question remains unsettled."

His declaration was in debate that preceded the senate's adoption of a resolution urging the government to reopen negotiations immediately with Britain with a view to settling the last wartime dispute which recently plunged the two countries into a tariff war.

(President de Valera told a mass meeting at Limerick last week that he was not going to waste any more time in "fruitful discussions" to secure arbitration of the dispute, for that he said he saw little chance of solution.)

The resolution was introduced by C. C. Connolly, Farmer Leader, member of the opposition majority.

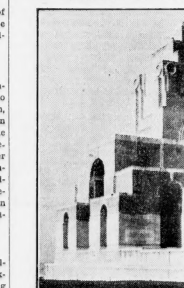
"Leave us within the British Commonwealth of Nations," Senator Connolly said. "It is Ireland's only hope of salvation."

The policy of the De Valera Government, replied Senator Connolly, is one of creating an Irish republic including the six northern counties (Ulster), and that he declared, would remain the policy of President de Valera until it is achieved.

President de Valera previously served a warning in the dual strain that unless order for coal are transferred to the continent he might apply a prohibitive tariff on British coal.

The De Valera Government has sought unsuccessfully to stem the flow of British coal into the Free State, and has threatened to impose a new duty of \$1 a ton and continuing to buy from the United Kingdom in large quantities. More than 50,000 tons of British coal have been imported since Sunday.

WORLD'S LARGEST TOMBSTONE AT THEIFVAL



A great pilgrimage of women who lost husbands, sons and sweethearts in the Great War gathered on August 1st at Theifval and saw the Prince of Wales unveil the empire's gigantic memorial to 72,000 officers and men who have "no known graves."

The name of every man is carved on the walls of the memorial archway, a massive structure designed by Sir Edwin Lutyens. It completes the circle of commemorative buildings erected by the Imperial War Graves Commission in honor of 1,190,000 men of the empire who made the supreme sacrifice.

"It is an advance to new conquests—the conquest of world peace and international unity," was the challenge delivered by the Prince of Wales at the unveiling.

"It is a great price," said the prince, "that this crowning stone in the work of

STUDIES SHEEP-INDUSTRY



L. E. Kindt of the Agricultural Economics Branch, Canadian Department of Agriculture, who has left for Western Canada to resume the collection of information for the completion of the economic study of range sheep industry in Southern Saskatchewan, Alberta, and British Columbia.

Transients Coming West

Premier Bracken Of Manitoba Wires Protest To Ottawa

Winnipeg, Man.—Protests were wired by Premier John Bracken, of Manitoba, to Hon. W. A. Gordon, Minister of Labor at Ottawa, against men from eastern Canada flocking into Manitoba on freight trains to seek harvest work. He stated police were preventing this travel eastward on freight trains, but allowing men to come west.

"Inquiries indicate there are plenty of men here to take off the harvest," said the premier's telegram, "and arrival of men from other parts of Canada will interfere with reduction of unemployment relief lists and aggravate situation here. We respectfully urge that police also stop this movement westward, otherwise our problem rendered much more difficult."

On Board Of Directors

Ottawa, Ontario.—The appointment of S. J. Hungerford, acting president of the Canadian National Railways, to be a member of the Board of Directors of the Government-owned system was announced by Hon. R. J. Manion, Minister of Railways and Canals. His appointment to the board is dated from August 1. He fills the vacancy caused by the resignation of Sir Henry Thornton.

Ships En Route To Churchill

Montreal, Que.—Two tramp steamers are en route to the port of Churchill on Hudson Bay to load grain for Europe. The "Penyworth" sailed from Antwerp, while the "Sierens" left Genoa, Algeria, for the port of Churchill on July 23. Grain rates for these steamers have not yet been announced. It is expected they will reach Churchill about August 12.

Preparing Roll Of Honor

Saskatchewan Pioneers Of Eighties Asked To Register For Record

Regina, Sask.—A roll of honor of the pioneers of Saskatchewan of the 80's has been arranged for and will be prepared by Mrs. J. E. Bothwell, provincial historian and archivist.

A special book is being made by J. H. Lee-Graves of the government service, and all pioneers of the 80's are asked to register at the provincial library as soon as it is convenient for them. While the record will take the form of a roll of honor, another book will also be kept to record details, such as dates, experiences, etc., which will be kept in the provincial archives.

End Of Conference

Planned To Finish Work Of Imperial Party On August 16

Ottawa, Ont.—It is planned to wind up the Imperial Economic Conference Tuesday, August 16, just short of a month from the opening. It looks like an all-round success. As a visiting London journalist puts it: "The conference, in spite of many traps, seems to be moving towards a successful issue."

The British delegation, headed by Rt. Hon. Stanley Baldwin, is booked to sail on the "Empress of Britain," August 20.

Historic Home Burned

Old Landmark In Winnipeg Completely Destroyed By Fire

Winnipeg, Man.—One of Winnipeg's historic landmarks, a 24-room house standing in four acres of tree groves, built in the earliest days of Winnipeg's youth by the late A. F. Elton, one-time land commissioner of the Manitoba and Northwestern Railway, has been destroyed by fire.

The palatial house on Governor Street, between Assiniboine Avenue, known as the old Bandfield residence, has stood vacant for some time.

NO CHANGES TO BE MADE IN RUSSIAN POLICY

Ottawa, Ont.—Canada will not alter her policy towards Soviet Russia, in most emphatic terms, Prime Minister R. B. Bennett made this answer to the Workers' Economic Union delegation which demanded removal of the embargo against the Soviet Union.

"The dumping of wheat, asbestos and lumber into the world's markets by Russia under Soviet labor contracts, the results to Canadian workers and farmers was instanced by the Prime Minister. "Do you believe that this policy of this country should not have a fair chance to lose competition," he asked.

Reasoning with the deputations on many other subjects on the programme, Premier Bennett stated that the Dominion Government was doing everything that this country could stand towards Russia, primarily a matter for the provinces, and maintaining the country's national life. But, he emphasized, the laws of Canada must be observed.

"The laws of the country represent the will of the people through their elected representatives," the Prime Minister declared, "they protect you and they protect me. Law and order, as far as we can assure it, will be maintained. If you break it you will be punished as sure as the sun rises."

Tim Burck and the seven other Communists would remain in the detention until they had served their terms. "These eight men," Mr. Bennett continued, "were found guilty on their own statements before the courts that they had received money from Russia, had acted under directions from Moscow. Our institutions will not be disturbed. There will be no protection to those who seek to destroy the state." Section 98 of the Criminal Code dealing with sedition and unlawful assembly would remain in force.

Mr. Bennett again stated there would be no non-contributory unemployment insurance under his administration.

"The programme put forward as 'demands' included non-contributory unemployment insurance, an embargo on all food and war material shipments to Japan, release of political prisoners in India and independence for India, George Wainman, Toronto, who was the British ambassador for the delegation, which included J. B. McLachlan, Cape Breton, and Mrs. T. W. Luskman, North York.

RIOTS CONTINUE OVER ELECTIONS IN GERMANY

Berlin, Germany.—The prospect of a serious break between Chancellor von Papen's Government and Adolf Hitler, Nazi Socialist leader, over the recent bloody riots in Germany, was intensified in the Rightist Press.

This was coupled with evidence that Hitler was expanding his organization efforts into other European countries and planning a powerful Nordic European alliance.

The riot equal was called out three times as a result of political clashes in Munich and the suburbs of Obermering. One National Socialist was wounded. Incendiary bombs were tossed into two department stores but they did not ignite. A restaurant and a nearby hotel for Socialist youths were set afire.

The ultra-Rightist Doersen-Zetting said the government is considering an emergency decree to end the rioting in practically all of which Hitler's Nazis and his storm troops had a part.

Grain Show To Be Held

Definite Assurance Received and Work Is Going On

Regina, Sask.—The World's Grain Exhibition and Conference will be held at Regina next year.

Confirmation of the unofficial report published in The Leader-Post to this effect, was given by the officials of the organization met at the grain show building and awarded a contract for building the building to A. W. Banks, of Regina.

In addition, R. Beesley, of the staff of the Canadian Exhibition Commissioner, St. Catharines, has arrived in Regina and has already taken charge of the interior decorative work of the building. A large quantity of grain and grasses has arrived to be used in the interior work.

Thirteen tenders were opened by the committee of the World's Grain Show in charge of the building and the contract was awarded to A. W. Banks, of this city. The work will include muredo decorations for all walls of the building, ceiling, floors and so forth. The contract price was not announced at the close of the meeting.

Holds Four Championships

Olympic Stadium, Los Angeles, Cal. The Canadian Empire's perfect athlete has captured four of the eight Olympic track and field championships so far decided. On a point basis, the Canadian's competitors have an aggregate of 37—12; Ireland, 20; Canada, 19; Britain, 12; New Zealand, three; and South Africa, two.

Advertising By Radio

Dublin, Ireland.—The Irish State, Dublin, has taken this morning to find that in the night some one had gone to the city pointing anti-British slogans at the windows of the nearby every street. "No surrender," they read, and "Boycott British Goods." Efforts by the police to erase the inscriptions were futile.

Elected Honorary Brinkers

London, Eng.—Rt. Hon. Stanley M. Bruce, leader of the Australian delegation at the Imperial Economic Conference, and Hon. Newton W. Rowell of Toronto, were elected honorary members of Lincoln's Inn. Lincoln's Inn is one of the four Inns of court to which all English barristers must belong.

No Capital Expenditure

London, Ont.—No capital expenditures of any sort are to be made by the Canadian National Railways until the report of the royal commission on transportation is presented to the government, probably on August 16, Mayor Hayman declared he was informed by Hon. Dr. R. J. Manion, Minister of Railways.

Man Drops Dead

Regina, Sask.—Rising to cheer the winner in the second race at the exhibition meet Wednesday afternoon, August 3, M. Drope, of Moose Jaw, a railway mail clerk, collapsed and was dead before medical assistance could be secured. He held tickets on the winning horse.

Kashgar On Potatoes

Montreal, Que.—Canadian potatoes must not be imported into England, under the British embargo which is maintained according to members of the Empire Farmers party now on a tour of the Dominion.

A Challenge To Wheat

Remarkable Growth Of Industries In West Is Noted

Wheat may still be king in Western Canada, but its position is no longer unchallenged. With the development of the country other industries have been springing up, and a return just issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics shows the extent to which the so-called Prairie Provinces—Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta—have become centres of manufacturing industry.

The gross annual value of manufactures in these provinces reaches a total of \$300,000,000. There are more than 2,500 manufacturing establishments, with a capital of over \$200,000,000, employing nearly 50,000 hands, and paying in salaries and wages \$60,000,000.

The ten leading industries in the order of their importance based upon the gross value of products are: flour and feed mills, slaughtering and meat packing, petroleum products, railway rolling stock, butter and cheese, central electric stations, printing and publishing, breweries, bread and bakery products, printing and bookbinding. These industries have an annual production of over \$200,000,000.

The principal manufacturing city is Winnipeg, which has 519 establishments employing nearly 20,000 hands and producing a value of more than \$84,000,000. Other leading manufacturing centres in the order of their importance are: Calgary, Edmonton, Regina, St. Boniface, Saskatoon, Moose Jaw and Medicine Hat.

Appalling Ignorance

Some Prize American Tourist Stories For Hot Weather

Until recently the story of an American tourist story was about a man who stopped at a gas station a few summers ago with his car on the side of his car in readiness for the snow he expected to find "this side of Montreal." Now an equally authentic one succeeds that. A sweet young thing from New York State went into a town bank to change some United States currency for Canadian. When the Dominion bills were handed to her she looked at them in evident confusion and confessed, "I don't think I know how to use your money. I've never had anything to do with these pounds and shillings before." The teller is alleged to have run for the ice water.

Co-Operation Is Necessary

Every Created Thing Is Dependent Upon Some Other

This world has no use for hermits. We are built on the social plan. The fellow who goes along without regard for his neighbors will not get far until he finds the brick wall. The man who shuts people out only succeeds in shutting himself in. This world is much like a mirror—you smile at it and it will smile back at you; scowl at it and it will scowl in return. Co-operation is nature's plan. There isn't a created thing that does not depend upon some other. "They are all in it," no king, yet go they forth all of them by bands." Don't be one of the "humbugs" that flock alone.

Possible Source Of Barley

British Brewing Interests Have Experts Studying Western Canada

Experts representing British brewing interests are at present studying Western Canada as a possible source of barley of high malting quality, according to officials of the Saskatchewan Department of Agriculture. A number of experiments have been conducted by the University of Alberta with respect to the suitability of soil in northern Alberta and Saskatchewan for the growing of barley of the required nature. It is stated that certain soils found to be unsuitable for wheat produce an excellent malt.

Nearly 25,000,000 acres in Algeria have been planned to crop this year.

Don't you ever change your mind about anything?"

"Not often, now, I've found that I am just as liable to be wrong the second time as the first."

W. N. U. 1954

Remember Abel's Brother

The Grand Duke Alexander at a reception in Washington was recounting some of the more horrible of the Bolshevik murders when a prim-looking man in spectacles said in a reproachful voice:

"The Bolsheviks are our brothers."

"Yes," said the Grand Duke, "the Bolsheviks are our brothers, sure enough, but remember that Abel had a brother."

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W. N. U. 1954

THE EXHAUSTED TOOTER TAKES UP FARMING.

W. N. U. 1954

Has Perfect Table Manners

Duchess Behaves As Properly As Well Trained Child

Any dog could be taught perfect table manners if people would only let him begin when he is a pup, according to Noodle, a 7-year-old dachshund, whose home overlooks Washington Square, and who claims the championship for having sat at the table with more celebrities than any other dog in New York.

That, to a long-earred, short-legged dog that was born in Berlin means that dinner is served and that it is time to go waddling to his chair. Meanwhile Noodle—his real name is Alphen Mark von Alphenberg—has been taught to sit in one place for an hour at a time and to keep still, after the manner of well disciplined European children.

After he had learned to place two black paws on the table he was taken on an automobile tour from Amsterdam to the River Rhine, and he came to New York did a head water ever refuse to let him into a dining-room.

It is because New York people are not sufficiently sophisticated to know an intelligent animal when they see it that dogs are so much wanted from the hotels here, according to Mr. Van Loon.

If you take the trouble to compare a dog's logical reasoning with that of some of your acquaintances, you will have no difficulty in deciding that the animal has as much sense as much capacity as the human for arriving at certain definite conclusions," he said.

As proof of that argument, Mr. Van Loon recalled how quickly his dog caught onto the advantage of being able to stand and walk on his hind legs.

"It wasn't simply because he wanted to do what Augustus Males was trying to teach him, but because he found that the higher he held his head the more he could see and to more exciting and amusing life became."

Shoddy Things Never Cheap

Money Paid For Poor Merchandise Is Practically Wasted

The editor of the Ladies' Home Journal professes his readers some shoddy advice. He points out that in her eagerness to save money a woman is likely to waste her money on shoddy merchandise.

The wise housewife will heed this admonition. At present she is a little dazed at the direy tangle of prices. She recalls that it was but the other day when everything seemed alarmingly expensive. Consequently she gets a little drunk at the bargain she now sees displayed.

What we sometimes forget, however, is that shoddy things are never cheap. They are made of cheap materials, synthetic satins, cheap buttons, thin thread, faulty stitching—all these are expensive in the long run.

It is never economy to buy suits that will not hold their shape, stockings that will not last a day, furniture that will not stand wear and foodstuffs that are improperly prepared and packed. It is far better for a woman to buy one good dress a season than to get three shoddy ones.

And it would be ungrateful of us to forsake the manufacturers who, through a period of years, have furnished us with durable goods and proved their reputation for honesty to give patronage to the junkshop dealer who will disappear with the deception.

While the housewife must make her dime go as far as possible these days, she can do a great deal to stabilize business by refusing to exchange her money for poor merchandise.

We may become a poor nation, but let us not be a shoddy one.

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Canadian Pacific Olympic Wrestlers

Angus Shops For Five Years Provincial and Dominion Champions and British Empire Champion in 1930, 145 lb. class; Harry Madison, Canadian Pacific Express man, winner Provincial and Dominion championships two years running, 191 lb. class; and Frank Sakon, team coach, J. Stockton, Provincial and Dominion champion and three time competitor the Olympic games, 174 lb. class; and Harry Rowland, Angus Shops electrician, Dominion champion one year and Provincial champion five years, 134 lb. class.

The Canadian Pacific Railway steps into the sport limelight by providing the wrestlers for the Olympic Games at Los Angeles. These athletes are directly or indirectly connected with the railway, and will battle for world honors in their particular line of sport. Above illustration shows the men with their coach. Left to right are: Howie Thomas, former apprentice, Angus Shops, for five years Provincial and Dominion Champion and British Empire Champion in 1930, 145 lb. class; Harry Madison, Canadian Pacific Express man, winner Provincial and Dominion championships two years running, 191 lb. class; and Frank Sakon, team coach, J. Stockton, Provincial and Dominion champion and three time competitor the Olympic games, 174 lb. class; and Harry Rowland, Angus Shops electrician, Dominion champion one year and Provincial champion five years, 134 lb. class.

Statistics by the Bell Telephone Company showed that United States "had the most to say" regarding telephone calls. They talked eight and one-half times as much as Japan, and Japan talked about one and one-half times as much as Canada.

The United States led with a total of 11,152,076 phones, followed by Germany with 1,987,415 and Canada with 1,402,861 and Japan 548,762, which is 1.4 per cent population. Canada leads the world in number of telephones in cities of 50,000 people or over. In the larger cities there are 237 telephones per 100 people. Toronto has the highest percentage of telephones than any city in the world.

The largest toll paid for a single call out of Toronto, according to A. R. Gould, district manager of the company, was \$400. It was paid on a call to New York City.

The party putting in the call was quite pleased to pay it.

Youngest Grandmother

Manitoba Woman Became Grandmother At Age Of 30 Years

Mrs. Herbert Luzzon, of Cornwall, Ont., is not the youngest grandmother in Canada, as reported by the Canadian Press, July 22. That distinction belongs to Mrs. John Ferres, of Detroit, who became a grandmother at the age of 20 years and three months, compared with Mrs. Luzzon's record of 32 years and 2 months.

Mrs. Ferres was married at Whitley Beach, in 1906, at the age of 17. Her eldest daughter, Rosa, married Alfred Lavallee, also at the age of 14, and the first grandchild, Louis Alfred was born April 3, 1922, when his grandmother was just 30 years and 3 months old, for she was born December 30, 1891.

This sprightly grandmother, who is now 41 years of age, is the mother of 11 children, the youngest of which is just five months old.

Floating Post Office

A floating post office has been launched at Detroit by Frank Becker. It is an all-steel boat with overlapping wadded hull. Becker was recently awarded a contract for a suitable vessel for delivery and collection of mail to and from Detroit River traffic in transit. The new vessel is 64 feet 9 inches long over all and is propelled by a 150-horsepower marine Diesel engine.

Wholesale commodity prices in Egypt are rising.

A new machine in England tells one's weight and presents a bar of chocolate for a penny.

When an aeroplane landed in a field near Wrexham, England, it frightened a racehorse, owned by the daughter of Sir Alfred MacAlpine, so badly that its black mane turned completely white and there are streaks of grey in its tail. As the machine approached the ground the animal suddenly jumped up in fright from behind a tree and galloped in front of the "plane until it landed. Four days later the mane started to lose color.

Still Likes Agriculture

The Hon. Duncan Macdonald, one-time minister of agriculture for Alberta, has not forgotten his old love. We hear that his office (he is now a member of a prominent Toronto business firm), is lined with framed photographs of prize cattle and horses, and his office library a fund of information about agriculture.

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Look Like Admirals

Gaudy Uniforms Of British Hotel Porters Causing Trouble

Though Belgium has navy to speak of the question of naval uniforms is a cause of controversy. Complaints are heard that the regulations are not explicit enough, with the consequence that a harbor-master can sport no much gold lace that everyone takes him for an admiral.

A commission is studying the matter; its chief task is to evolve a simple yet dignified uniform, with a minimum of lace. At the same time the commission is considering how to put an end to the fancy of hotel porters in the matter of costumes. Like harbor-masters they love gold lace and may be mistaken for admirals.

It is proposed that a law should be passed to prevent civilians from wearing any uniform resembling those of the armed services.

Work With Their Brains

Men Who Make History Are Not Great Talkers

If some people were as anxious to push their business as they are to push their tongues they would be better able to pay their debts. The men who are over-acting on their feet are those whose words are not usually the ones who know what they are talking about. History is made by men who work with their mouths, but their brains. The man who keeps his mouth shut may be at a disadvantage now and then, but he gets there. "The liars talketh with his head, yet she is in king's palace." For the man who knows how to keep a closed jaw and an active brain there is always a future.

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Work With Their Brains

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2nd Sunday - Evensong & Sermon 7.30
3rd Sunday - Morning & Sermon 11.00
4th Sunday - Evensong - Sermon 7.30
5th Sunday - Evensong - Sermon 7.30Baptisms, Funerals and Weddings
by ArrangementREV. L.D. HAYHES, L.T.H.
Priest-in-Charge**THEATRE**

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WILLIAM HAINES
- IN -

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appear on Tuesday, or no charges can
be made or ads. discontinued.
Paper goes to press Wednesday af-
ternoon each week.**EDOUARD J. ROULEAU,**

Editor and Publisher

**INDIGENTS SHOULD BE
HELPED BY PROVINCE**What's the matter with our provin-
cial government that it does not take
care of indigents and support their
families when necessity arises? Just
recently a woman from Edmonton
made the rounds of the news, asking
for donations because her husband had
T.B. and could not support his family.
While not in favor of this form of tax,
we do not deny our title, describing
the good causes, but believe that a
law should be passed prohibiting this
form of solicitation and in its place
provision made by the province to take
care of all deserving cases. The people
of Alberta may for their support any-
way—and our well, but only a few
support the "beggars" instead of the
whole province.This form of solicitation is becoming
all too common and the parliament in
many cases raises a fortune from the
four chicken-hearted nables. The prac-
tice should be curtailed and support
accorded to the deserving cases only.**TWENTY MEMBERS ENOUGH**If forty hundreded acres are suffi-
cient to carry on the municipal busi-
ness of this province, then twenty
members at Edmonton are certainly
sufficient to back after the forty acres.
If the U.P.A. movement under Presi-
dent Hensley means to not this bill**BUS SERVICE**

CARBON, CALGARY, DRUMHELLER

PASSENGERS & EXPRESS

Leaves Carbon for Calgary and

Drumheller daily at 8.30 a.m.

Leaves Calgary for Carbon and

Drumheller daily at 5 p.m.

**RIDE THE RED LINES
AT LOWER FARES****GENERAL CARTAGE
IN CARBON AND DISTRICT****W. Poxon & Son****TOWN & COUNTY
Personalographs**W. Talbot Jr. has purchased the old
Bullock place between the Torrance
and McKillop residences, and is re-
modelling the place.An unfortunate accident happened
to Betty McQuade on Thursday last
at the farm of Walter Gouldie, when
she fell from a horse, breaking her
shoulder blade and dislocating her
arm. She was taken to Calgary the end
of the week and will be in the hospi-
tal for a month or so.Mr. and Mrs. L. G. McQuade were
in the city with Betty last week and
returned to Carbon on Sunday night.Mr. and Mrs. Harry Bruehl of Bea-
ver Lodge visited in Carbon for a few
days last week, the guests of Mr. and
Mrs. L. Poxon.Rev. Wm. McNeill was a visitor to
Southern Alberta last week and re-
turned to Carbon on Thursday.Mrs. A. Hoar of Gleichen spent a
few days in Carbon visiting at the
home of Mr. and Mrs. H. N. Elliott.Mrs. C. Moorhouse and Phyllis were
visitors to Calgary on Tuesday.Miss Annie Macdonald, who has
been visiting in Carbon for the past
few weeks, returned to her home in
Medicine Hat on Tuesday.Mr. and Mrs. Kelly and daughter of
Calgary spent Sunday in Carbon and
took in the tennis tournament here.Mrs. H. C. Willson and children re-
turned on Sunday after spending a
holiday at Sylvan Lake.Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Smith were vis-
itors in Carbon on Sunday. We have
been informed that Mr. Smith is mak-
ing a lumber yard at Didsbury.Mr. and Mrs. L. Poxon and Francis
and Mr. and Mrs. Bruehl motored to**DRAVING**FOR YOUR DRAVING SEE ME
ALWAYS AT YOUR SERVICE**JOHN WOLF**through and it will have the support
of every thinking citizen. If we do
not have the courage of their convictions
and institute some real economy
in the matter of representation at Ed-
monton, such an action calls for the
desert of the highest order. It is a
challenge to the Alberta government.
There is nothing else so urgently
needed today as this very thing.We leave it to Mr. Brownlee. Can
he fight the thing through, or will he
also succumb to the pressure of protest
which will follow, as did Mr. Folger
with his school bill?—Carbon News.

Edmonton on Sunday.

Mrs. Johnson and Mrs. McGill ar-
rived in Carbon on Tuesday and are
staying with Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Mc-
Leod.W. A. Braisher Jr. arrived in Carbon
from Calgary on Saturday night, and
took in the tennis tournament here.A little rain fell in the district on
Tuesday night and the weather is a
little cloudy at the time of going to
press. This may delay harvest should
a rainy spell develop.**FOR SALE**—Deering binder, handle
lock, and gear pump—Apply to James
McGill, Carbon.Miss Leola Wallace has been suc-
cessful in obtaining her first class cer-
tificate from the Edmonton Normal-
school. Also physical training and
writing certificate. She has secured
the position of teacher at Poplar Knoll
school, two miles from her new home
at Phoenix, Alberta.A new election for school trustee was
held at the Welsh school on Friday
evening July 8. C. B. Gwyn was elected
over A. G. Anderson by one vote. This
election was held last January, but
was protested, and the result was in
no election.A field day will be held at the farm
of P. J. Beck, 18 miles North East of
Carbon, on August 15th. Mr. Newman,
Dominion Cerealist, and Mr. Wiener,
of the Canadian Seed Growers, will be
in attendance.C. W. Malton is having the roof of
his home painted. We understand that
the entire house will receive a coat of
white paint. Frank Emery is the man
on the job.**BIRTHS**Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Ken Anderson
on Thursday, August 4, a son.Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Walter Hay Jr.
on August 5, a daughter.Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Zeigler
on Saturday, July 30, a son.**A "NEW WAY" HARVESTER**A "New Way" harvester has been
demonstrated on a farm near Wind-
ermere. Among the saving features claim-
ed for the machine are: it eliminates
twine stubble, picks up all heads and
saves quality straw. Has power take-
off enabling speedy disposal of harvest
at one stroke and saves both time and
labor. The machine strikes the grain,
and in case of wet weather these stacks
can be easily and speedily removed. It
handles any kind of crop.A mail order house recently received
one of its advertisements printed in a
note reading: "Send article—if good,
will send check." The reply was "Send
check—if good will send article."And who says that the mail order
house isn't out after your dollar first—
quality afterwards—maybe!**HARVEST SUPPLIES**Gloves, Shirts, Socks, Overalls,
Boots, Etc., for Your
Harvest Needs

Prices Lowest in History

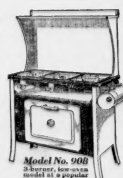
CARBON TRADING CO.**FOR THE HARVEST**BAMBOO BINDER WHIPS with leather lashes, Each 35c
BINDER CANVAS WEB, 4-inches wide, per yard, 20c
SLAT MENDEERS, BINDER CANVAS RIVETS AND STAPLES
AT LOWEST PRICES
LEATHER GLOVES, from 35c per pair up**W. A. BRAISHER****CARBON CAFE**

"THE BEST CAFE IN TOWN"

Soft Drinks Tobaccos Confectionery

**MEALS AT ALL HOURS
ROOMS TO RENT**

Mr. Farmer, Eat Here When in Carbon

CREAM SHIPPERS !Improved Service Means More Money for Your Cream
Cream Truck Leaves International Warehouse, Carbon every
Tuesday and Friday at 6:00 a.m.BEST SERVICE OBTAINABLE FOR YOUR CONVENIENCE BY
JOHNSON & MOORHOUSE
IN CO-OPERATION WITH
The Southern Alberta Dairy Pool**Now...
Instant-Gas
Cooking for
Homes Beyond
the Gas Mains****JUST** light a match, turn
a valve... your new Coleman
Instant-Gas lights instantly
... right at the burner! It
has no preheater. No wait-
ing. Put on your pots and
pans and start cooking
"right now". That's mod-
ern gas service! The finest
stove you ever saw for
homes out beyond the gas
mains. Economical to op-
erate... makes and burns
its own gas from regular
untreated motor fuel.Model No. 902
A popular priced
stove, installed in
house, portable
burner.Your dealer will be glad to show
you all the many new, modern, up-to-
date improvements on these
dainty new stoves. There's a model
just "made to order" for your cooking
requirements... at a price that will
fit your purse.Let him demonstrate the new
Coleman Instant-Gas. See for your-
self what a stove it is!THE COLEMAN LAMP & STOVE CO., Ltd.
Toronto, B. Ontario (SR-2)**ASK YOUR DEALER**Model No. 900
A popular priced
stove, installed in
house.**among the most
nourishing beverages
properly
brewed Beer ranks
with the highest.**

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